

CLAIMS

1. A bacterial intraoral disease treatment method comprising the processes of:
washing a tooth affected by bacterial intraoral disease using a washing treatment solution,
administering a treatment composition to the washed tooth, and
covering a tooth opening, wherein the treatment composition contains:

an antibacterial agent having an antibacterial property against intraoral bacteria, and

a base containing polyethylene glycol 400, polyethylene glycol 600, polyethylene glycol 6000 and propylene glycol.

2. A treatment method according to claim 1, wherein the base contains polyethylene glycol 400 of not less than 13 percent volume and not more than 19 percent volume; polyethylene glycol 600 by not less than 13 percent volume and not more than 19 percent volume; polyethylene glycol 6000 by not less than 27 percent volume and not more than 38 percent volume; and propylene glycol not less than 36 percent volume and not more than 50 percent volume.

3. A treatment method according to claim 1, wherein the washing treatment solution contains EDTA at a pH of about 7 and a water-soluble thickener containing no metallic ions.

4. A treatment method according to claim 3, wherein the

washing treatment solution contains EDTA of not less than 10 percent volume and not more than 12 percent volume of this washing treatment solution.

5. A treatment method according to any one of claim 1 further comprising a hemostatic process of stopping bleeding from pulp and/or gingival prior to the covering process, wherein the hemostatic process is a process of stopping the bleeding from pulp and/or gingival using a hemostatic treatment solution containing sodium alginate and zinc oxide.

6. A treatment method according to claim 5, wherein the hemostatic treatment solution contains sodium alginate of not less than 6.0 percent volume and not more than 6.5 percent volume of this hemostatic treatment solution, and zinc oxide of not less than 33 percent volume and not more than 35 percent volume.

7. A treatment composition for bacterial intraoral disease comprising an antibacterial agent having an antibacterial property against intraoral bacteria and a base containing polyethylene glycol 400, polyethylene glycol 600, polyethylene glycol 6000, and propylene glycol.

8. A treatment composition according to claim 7, wherein the base contains polyethylene glycol 400 of not less than 13 percent volume and not more than 19 percent volume of this

base; polyethylene glycol 600 of not less than 13 percent volume and not more than 19 percent volume; polyethylene glycol 6000 of not less than 27 percent volume and not more than 38 percent volume; and propylene glycol of not less than 36 percent volume and not more than 50 percent volume.

9. A washing treatment solution to be used for washing teeth comprising EDTA at a pH of about 7 and a water-soluble thickener containing no metallic ions.

10. A washing treatment solution according to claim 9 containing EDTA of not less than 10 percent volume and not more than 12 percent volume.

11. A hemostatic treatment solution used for stopping bleeding from pulp and/or gingival comprising sodium alginate and zinc oxide.

12. A hemostatic treatment solution according to claim 11 comprising sodium alginate of not less than 6.0 percent volume and not more than 6.5 percent volume as well as zinc oxide of not less than 33 percent volume and not more than 35 percent volume.

13. A treatment kit for bacterial intraoral diseases comprising basic ingredients of the treatment composition according to claim 7, the washing treatment solution according

to claim 9, and the hemostatic treatment solution according to claim 11.